#### BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

# KỲ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

ĐÈ THI CHÍNH THÚC (Đề thi có 06 trang)

Họ, tên thí sinh:			Mã đề thi 408
Số báo danh:			
Mark the letter A R C a	or D on vour answer	sheet to indicate the	correct answer to each of the
following questions.	n D on your unswer.	meet to thateate the	correct unswer to each of the
	to the cold weather h	ere, so I need to have	e a heating system
=	<b>B</b> . installed		<b>D</b> . repaired
Question 2. They were an		=	<del>-</del>
	<b>B</b> . ability		<b>D</b> . possibility
= =		=	ashers have made life
much easier.	r		
<b>A</b> . a	<b>B</b> . the	C. an	D. Ø
Question 4. I'm not sure,			
A. need	<b>B</b> . ought		
	•		nished for his carelessness.
A. intention		-	
			learn many interesting things.
A. differ	<b>B</b> . differently		
Question 7. I all o	•		
A. have finished	•	C. finished	<b>D</b> . will finish
Question 8. The people _			
A. which	<b>B</b> . when	C. who	<b>D</b> . where
Question 9. The more you	ı practise speaking En	glish,	
<b>A</b> . the more fluent you o		<b>B</b> . the more fluer	ntly you can speak it
C. the more you can spe	•		•
Question 10. Thanks to he		<u> </u>	<u>*</u>
	<b>B</b> . standard	=	<b>D</b> . development
Question 11. The only thi	ng he bought on his tr		<del>-</del>
A. new Italian nice	<b>B</b> . nice Italian new	C. new nice Italia	
Question 12. Peter is disappointed at not getting the job, but he will it soon.			
<b>A</b> . come over	<b>B</b> . go through	C. take on	<b>D</b> . get over
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the	e word whose underlined part
differs from the other thr	ee in pronunciation ii	n each of the followi	ng questions.
Question 13. A. matched	<b>B</b> . dress <u>ed</u>	C. joined	<b>D</b> . dropp <u>ed</u>
Question 14. A. call	<b>B</b> . w <u>a</u> lk	<b>C</b> . t <u>a</u> ke	<b>D</b> . t <u>a</u> lk
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	r D on your answer sh	neet to indicate the w	ord that differs from the other
three in the position of pr	rimary stress in each o	of the following ques	tions.
Question 15. A. cultural	<b>B</b> . possible	C. supportive	<b>D</b> . confident
Question 16. A. farmer	<b>B</b> . result	C. office	<b>D</b> . nature

Mark the letter A, B, C, or	r D on your answer she	et to indicate the word(s)	CLOSEST in meaning	
to the underlined word(s)	in each of the following	g questions.		
Question 17. The place has	rapidly <b>evolved</b> from a sr	mall fishing community int	to a thriving tourist resort.	
A. increased	<b>B</b> . developed	C. generated	D. created	
Question 18. Many people	e left early because the f	ilm was <b>uninteresting</b> .		
<b>A</b> . boring	<b>B</b> . attractive	<b>C</b> . informative	<b>D</b> . exciting	
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer shee	t to indicate the word(s)	OPPOSITE in meaning	
to the underlined $word(s)$	in each of the following	g questions.		
Question 19. Don't tell Jan	ne anything about the su	rprise party for Jack. She	has got a big mouth.	
A. can keep secrets	<b>B</b> . talks too much	C. hates parties	<b>D</b> . can't eat a lot	
Question 20. Today stude	ents are under a lot of p	oressure due to the high	expectations from their	
parents and teachers.				
<b>A</b> . nervousness	<b>B</b> . emotion	C. relaxation	<b>D</b> . stress	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer	sheet to indicate the mo	est suitable response to	
complete each of the follo	wing exchanges.			
Question 21. David and h	is teacher are meeting at	the school gate.		
David: "Good morni	ing, Mr Deakin. How are	e you?"		
Mr Deakin: "	. And you?"			
A. I'm going home		<b>B</b> . I'm fine. Thank you		
C. I'm having a class no	W	<b>D</b> . I'm busy now		
Question 22. Linda is than	nking Daniel for his birth	hday present.		
Linda: "Thanks for t	he book. I've been looki	ng for it for months."		
Daniel: ""				
A. Thank you for lookin	g for it	<b>B</b> . You can say that aga	in	
<b>C</b> . I like reading books		<b>D</b> . I'm glad you like it		
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on vour answer s	heet to indicate the und	erlined part that needs	
correction in each of the	•		critica part that needs	
Question 23. The policem	~ -	ot walking alone in empt	v streets at night	
A	<u>an</u> warned the tourists <u>n</u>	B C	D	
Question 24. All the judge	es naid the dancer comp			
A	B	C	<b>D</b>	
competition.	D	C	D	
Question 25. My mother	r always get un early t	o prepare breakfast for	everyone in the family	
Question 23. Why mother	$\mathbf{A}$	B	$\frac{\text{everyone}}{\text{C}}$ in the <u>ranniy</u> .	
	А	Б	С	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your answer s	sheet to indicate the sen	tence that is closest in	
meaning to each of the fo	llowing questions.			
Question 26. He last visite	ed London three years ag	go.		
<b>A</b> . He was in London fo	r three years.	<b>B</b> . He didn't visit Londo	on three years ago.	
C. He hasn't visited Lon	don for three years.	<b>D</b> . He has been in Lond	on for three years.	

**Question 27.** They were late for the meeting because of the heavy snow.

- **A**. Had it not snowed heavily, they would have been late for the meeting.
- **B**. If it didn't snow heavily, they wouldn't be late for the meeting.
- **C**. But for the heavy snow, they wouldn't have been late for the meeting.
- **D**. If it snowed heavily, they would be late for the meeting.

**Question 28.** "We will not leave until we see the manager," said the customers.

- **A**. The customers promised to leave before they saw the manager.
- **B**. The customers decided to leave because they did not see the manager.
- C. The customers refused to leave until they saw the manager.
- **D**. The customers agreed to leave before they saw the manager.

### Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

**Question 29.** The government have established some wildlife reserves. They want to protect endangered species.

- **A**. Endangered species can't be protected although the government have established some wildlife reserves.
- **B**. Whether the government have established some wildlife reserves or not, endangered species are still protected.
- C. If the government established some wildlife reserves, they would be able to protect endangered species.
- **D**. The government have established some wildlife reserves so that endangered species can be protected.

Question 30. My sister is good at cooking. My brother is bad at it.

- **A**. My sister is good at cooking, but my brother is bad at it.
- **B**. My sister is good at cooking, or my brother is bad at it.
- C. My sister is good at cooking, for my brother is bad at it.
- **D**. My sister is good at cooking, so my brother is bad at it.

# Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 31 to 35.

As teenagers approach university level, a decision has to be made on what course to pursue. In this world of diversity, (31)\_\_\_\_\_ such a choice is not easy for both children and parents. In the old days, it was not much a problem to do the task because there were not so many diverse learning areas to choose from. Besides, there were only a few distinctive professional careers like doctor, engineer, accountant, nurse, teacher, etc. to think about. Most higher learning usually led to a financially successful life. (32)\_\_\_\_\_, the cost of education was not so high.

Today's world is entirely different from the things (33)\_\_\_\_\_ have just been described. The job market is constantly changing due to innovative technology and new (34)\_\_\_\_\_. Meanwhile, most teenagers have difficulty in identifying their own interests. There are a variety of well-organized career talks and student counseling workshops to guide and help teenagers (35)\_\_\_\_\_ what course to take. Furthermore, psychological tests are also used. Certain instruments such as surveys, interviews and computer software can help to find out preferences, interests, or learning styles of the students.

(Source: Essential Reading for IELTS by Humin & John A. Gordon)

<b>Question 31.</b> A. giving	<b>B</b> . making	C. having	<b>D</b> . taking
Question 32. A. Therefore	<b>B</b> . In addition	C. For example	<b>D</b> . Otherwise
Question 33. A. that	<b>B</b> . when	C. what	<b>D</b> . where
Question 34. A. compete	<b>B</b> . competition	C. competitively	<b>D</b> . competitive
Question 35. A. apply	<b>B</b> . study	C. decide	<b>D</b> . employ

# Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

Children all around the world love to read comic books. Maybe they like to read the kind of comic books that come out once a month, like *Spiderman* or *Batman*, or maybe **they** like mangastyle comic books. That means that publishers who make comic books need to keep in touch with the things young people like to do. One thing that many young people today are interested in is technology, so of course kids want to read digital comic books on electronic devices.

Let's take Japanese manga as an example. There are lots of people around the world who enjoy reading manga. However, in the past, it was difficult to find translated versions of manga in comic bookstores. But that did not stop manga fans. Some fans who could translate Japanese into their own language started translating manga themselves. Then they scanned the pages of manga books and uploaded the scanned pages to the Internet with their translation. This practice has become so popular. People in the comic book industry made up a name for it. By combining the words *scan* and *translation*, they call it "**scanlation**", and it is a big problem today. The people who do scanlation usually share their manga for free, so readers do not buy manga books. Writers, artists, and publishers all end up losing money because of scanlation. Another problem is **piracy** in the comic book industry. Illegal copies of old and brand new comics alike have been hurting comic book sales.

Despite the progress made in converting comics to digital formats, hardcopy comic books are still by far the most popular format among fans. In the meantime, comic book publishers and stores will just have to keep an eye on their buyers' habits. As the popularity of digital books for e-readers and tablets grows, the popularity of digital comic books will grow as well.

(Source: Reading Advantage by Casey Malarcher)

		(som eet Itemanig II	arramage by Casey Handi one
Question 36. What is	the passage mainly ab	out?	
A. The manga indus	stry in Japan		
<b>B</b> . Children's most f	avourite type of books		
C. Problems in the b	oook industry		
<b>D</b> . The need for digit	ital comic books		
Question 37. The wor	rd " <b>they</b> " in paragraph	1 refers to	
A. comic books	B. children	C. publishers	<b>D</b> . things
Question 38. Accordi	ng to paragraph 1, Spic	derman is the name of	·
A. a comic book	<b>B</b> . a child	C. an electronic de	vice <b>D</b> . a TV programme
Question 39. Accordi	ng to paragraph 2, the	practice of "scanlation" m	nostly involves
A. translating uploa	ded manga books		
<b>B</b> . selling translated	manga books		
C. scanning uploade	ed manga books		
<b>D</b> . scanning and trai	nslating manga books		

Question 40. Acco	rding to the passage, in the	past, some manga fans	s who knew Japanese
translated manga b	ecause		
A. they wanted to	o make a name for themselv	ves	
<b>B</b> . it was enjoyab	ole to translate Japanese boo	oks	
C. they wanted to	read manga for free		
<b>D</b> . it was difficul	t to buy translated manga b	ooks	
Question 41. Acco	rding to paragraph 2, who	could benefit from scar	nlation?
A. Readers	<b>B</b> . Publishers	C. Writers	<b>D</b> . Artists
Question 42. The	word " <b>piracy</b> " in paragraph	2 probably means the	act of
<b>A</b> . advertising a l	book without permission	<b>B</b> . hurting the sal	e of illegal comic books
C. copying and using a book illegally <b>D</b> . controlling the production of a book			e production of a book

## Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

The oceans are so vast and deep that until fairly recently, it was widely assumed that no matter how much trash and chemicals humans dumped into them, the effects would be **negligible**. Proponents of dumping in the oceans even had a catchphrase: "The solution to pollution is dilution."

Today, we need look no further than the New Jersey-size dead zone that forms each summer in the Mississippi River Delta, or the thousand-mile-wide swath of decomposing plastic in the northern Pacific Ocean to see that this "dilution" policy has helped place a once flourishing ocean ecosystem on the brink of collapse.

There is evidence that the oceans have suffered at the hands of mankind for millennia. But recent studies show that degradation, particularly of shoreline areas, has accelerated dramatically in the past three centuries as industrial discharge and run-off from farms and coastal cities have increased.

Pollution is the introduction of harmful contaminants that are outside the norm for a given ecosystem. Common man-made pollutants reaching the oceans include pesticides, herbicides, chemical fertilizers, detergents, oil, sewage, plastics, and other solids. Many of these pollutants collect at the ocean's depths, where **they** are consumed by small marine organisms and introduced into the global food chain.

Many ocean pollutants are released into the environment far upstream from coastlines. Nitrogen-rich fertilizers applied by farmers inland, for example, end up in local streams, rivers, and groundwater and are eventually deposited in estuaries, bays, and deltas. These excess nutrients can **spawn** massive blooms of algae that rob the water of oxygen, leaving areas where little or no marine life can exist.

Solid wastes like bags, foam, and other items dumped into the oceans from land or by ships at sea are frequently consumed, with often fatal effects, by marine mammals, fish, and birds that mistake them for food. Discarded fishing nets drift for many years, ensnaring fish and mammals. In certain regions, ocean currents corral trillions of decomposing plastic items and other trash into gigantic, swirling garbage patches. One in the North Pacific, known as the Pacific Trash Vortex, is estimated to be the size of Texas.

Pollution is not always physical. In large bodies of water, sound waves can carry undiminished for miles. The increased presence of loud or persistent sounds from ships, sonar devices, oil rigs, and even from natural sources like earthquakes can disrupt the migration, communication, and reproduction patterns of many marine animals, particularly aquatic mammals like whales and dolphins.

(Source: http://www.oceannationalgeographic.com)

<b>Question 43.</b> What of	loes the passage mainly dis	scuss?		
A. Marine pollutio	n and its many forms			
<b>B</b> . Various kinds o	f harmful pollutants			
C. The end of the	'dilution" era			
<b>D</b> . Noise and its di	sruptive effects on marine	life		
Question 44. The wo	ord " <b>negligible</b> " in paragra	ph 1 is closest in mea	ning to	
<b>A</b> . positive	<b>B</b> . unpredictable	C. serious	D. insignificant	
Question 45. It can b	e inferred from paragraph	2 that the "dilution" p	policy is related to	
<b>A</b> . neglecting the e	effects of dumping trash int	to the oceans		
<b>B</b> . treating harmfu	l materials in the oceans pr	coperly		
C. helping the eco	system of the oceans flouri	ish		
<b>D</b> . dealing with the	e problems of water polluti	on		
Question 46. The wo	ord " <b>they</b> " in paragraph 4 r	refers to		
<b>A</b> . the oceans		<b>B</b> . marine organi	<b>B</b> . marine organisms	
C. ocean's depths		<b>D</b> . man-made pol	<b>D</b> . man-made pollutants	
Question 47. The wo	ord " <b>spawn</b> " in paragraph :	5 can be best replaced	by	
A. produce	<b>B</b> . prevent	C. appear	<b>D</b> . limit	
Question 48. Accord	ling to the passage, nitroge	en-rich fertilizers	·	
A. cause a shortage	e of oxygen in the ocean w	rater		
<b>B</b> . are created by n	nassive blooms of algae			
C. cannot be found	l inland			
<b>D</b> . do not relate to	the disappearance of marin	ne life		
Question 49. Which	of the following statement	ts is NOT supported in	n the passage?	
A. The oceans in the	he past were more contami	nated than they are no	ow.	
<b>B</b> . Industrial waste	es and agricultural run-off a	are blamed for the deg	gradation of the oceans.	
C. Many pollutant	s deposited in the oceans fi	inally become part of	the global food chain.	
<b>D</b> . It is apparent th	at the oceans have been po	olluted for a long time		
Question 50. Whale	s and dolphins are mentio	ned in the final parag	raph as an example of marine	
creatures that	_·			
A. are forced to m	igrate because of water pol	lution		
B. can communica	te with each other via sour	nd waves		
C. can survive ear	thquakes because of their la	arge bodies		
<b>D</b> . suffer from loud	d or persistent sounds at se	a		
	TH	IE END		