BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

KỲ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THÚC (Đề thi có 06 trang)

Họ, tên thí sinh:			Mã đề thi 402	
Số báo danh:				
Mark the letter A, B, C	C, or D on your ans	wer sheet to indicate the cor	rect answer to each of th	
following questions.				
Question 1. I'm not sur	e, but Tony	probably get that demanding	job.	
A. must	B . need	C. ought	D . might	
Question 2. They were	among the first con	npanies to exploit the	of the Internet.	
A. potential	B . prospect	C. possibility	D . ability	
Question 3. Thanks to	her father's encourag	gement, she has made great _	in her study.	
A. standard	B . development	C. contribution	D . progress	
Question 4. I a	all of my homework	last night.		
A. finish	B . will finish	C. have finished	D . finished	
Question 5. The people	e live in this	village are very friendly.		
A . who	B . where	C. which	D . when	
Question 6. Jim didn't	break the vase on	, but he was still punish	ed for his carelessness.	
A. occasion	B . chance	C. intention	D . purpose	
Question 7. Domestic	appliances like was	hing machines and dishwash	ers have made li	
much easier.				
A . the	B . a	C. Ø	D . an	
Question 8. Travelling	to countries	in the world enables me to lea	arn many interesting thing	
A . differ	B . difference	C. differently	D . different	
Question 9. Peter is dis	sappointed at not get	ting the job, but he will	it soon.	
A. take on	B . get over	C. go through	D . come over	
Question 10. I am not	used to the cold wea	ther here, so I need to have a	heating system	
A. installed	B . serviced	C. developed	D . repaired	
Question 11. The only	thing he bought on l	his trip to Italy was a	watch.	
A. nice Italian new	B . nice new Itali	an C. new Italian nice	D . new nice Italian	
Question 12. The more	e you practise speaki	ng English,		
A. the more fluently you can speak it		B . the more fluent ye	B . the more fluent you can speak it	
C. the more you can speak it fluent		D . the more you can	D . the more you can speak it fluently	
Mark the letter A, B,	C, or D on your a	nswer sheet to indicate the	most suitable response	
complete each of the fo	ollowing exchanges.			
Question 13. Linda is t	thanking Daniel for l	nis birthday present.		
Linda: "Thanks fo	or the book. I've bee	n looking for it for months."		
Daniel: "	"			
A. You can say that a		B . Thank you for loc	oking for it	
C. I like reading books		D . I'm glad you like	it	

David: "Good morn Mr Deakin: "	ing, Mr Deakin. How	are you?"	
A. I'm busy now	And you:	B . I'm fine. Thank	VOII
C. I'm going home		D . I'm having a cla	- -
		_	
Mark the letter A, B, C, of three in the position of pr	•		rd that differs from the other ions.
Question 15. A. possible	B . cultural	C. confident	D . supportive
Question 16. A. office	B . nature	C. result	D . farmer
Mark the letter A, B, C, differs from the other thr			word whose underlined part g questions.
Question 17. A. dressed	B . dropp <u>ed</u>	C. matched	D . join <u>ed</u>
Question 18. A. walk	B . c <u>a</u> ll	C . t <u>a</u> ke	D . t <u>a</u> lk
Mark the letter A, B, C, or to the underlined word(s)			rd(s) OPPOSITE in meaning
	ents are under a lot of	of pressure due to the	high expectations from their
parents and teachers.	-		.
A. nervousness	B . emotion	C. stress	D . relaxation
Question 20. Don't tell Ja A . can't eat a lot	ne anything about the B . hates parties	e surprise party for Jack C. talks too much	D. can keep secrets
Mark the letter A, B, C, o to the underlined word(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ord(s) CLOSEST in meaning
Question 21. The place has	rapidly <u>evolved</u> from	a small fishing commun	ity into a thriving tourist resort
A. developed	B . generated	C. created	D . increased
Question 22. Many people	e left early because the	ne film was <u>uninterest</u>	<u>ing</u> .
A . exciting	B . informative	C. attractive	D . boring
Read the following passa; correct word or phrase th	_		r answer sheet to indicate the om 23 to 27.
In this world of diversity, old days, it was not much areas to choose from. Be engineer, accountant, nur financially successful life. Today's world is entimarket is constantly chang teenagers have difficulty in talks and student counseling.	a problem to do the training such a character sides, there were only rese, teacher, etc. to the control of the	noice is not easy for both ask because there were by a few distinctive properties of education was not see things (25) have technology and new (a interests. There are a value and help teenagers (2'). Certain instruments su	ye just been described. The job (26) Meanwhile, most ariety of well-organized career 7) what course to take ch as surveys, interviews and

Question 14. David and his teacher are meeting at the school gate.

(Source: Essential Reading for IELTS by Humin & John A. Gordon)

Question 23. A. making	B . taking	C. giving	D . having
Question 24. A. In addition	B . Otherwise	C. For example	D . Therefore
Question 25. A. when	B . that	C. what	D . where
Question 26. A. competition	B . competitively	C. competitive	D . compete
Question 27. A. apply	B . study	C. decide	D . employ

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 34.

Children all around the world love to read comic books. Maybe they like to read the kind of comic books that come out once a month, like *Spiderman* or *Batman*, or maybe **they** like mangastyle comic books. That means that publishers who make comic books need to keep in touch with the things young people like to do. One thing that many young people today are interested in is technology, so of course kids want to read digital comic books on electronic devices.

Let's take Japanese manga as an example. There are lots of people around the world who enjoy reading manga. However, in the past, it was difficult to find translated versions of manga in comic bookstores. But that did not stop manga fans. Some fans who could translate Japanese into their own language started translating manga themselves. Then they scanned the pages of manga books and uploaded the scanned pages to the Internet with their translation. This practice has become so popular. People in the comic book industry made up a name for it. By combining the words *scan* and *translation*, they call it "**scanlation**", and it is a big problem today. The people who do scanlation usually share their manga for free, so readers do not buy manga books. Writers, artists, and publishers all end up losing money because of scanlation. Another problem is **piracy** in the comic book industry. Illegal copies of old and brand new comics alike have been hurting comic book sales.

Despite the progress made in converting comics to digital formats, hardcopy comic books are still by far the most popular format among fans. In the meantime, comic book publishers and stores will just have to keep an eye on their buyers' habits. As the popularity of digital books for e-readers and tablets grows, the popularity of digital comic books will grow as well.

(Source: Reading Advantage by Casey Malarcher)

Question 28. What is the	e passage mainly about	t?	
A. The need for digital	comic books		
B . Children's most favor	ourite type of books		
C . Problems in the boo	ok industry		
D . The manga industry	in Japan		
Question 29. The word '	' they " in paragraph 1 i	refers to	
A. children	B . comic books	C. publishers	D . things
Question 30. According	to paragraph 1, Spider	man is the name of	·
A. a TV programme	B . a comic book	C. an electronic dev	vice D . a child
Question 31. According	to paragraph 2, the pra	actice of " scanlation " m	ostly involves
A. selling translated m	anga books		
B . scanning and transla	ating manga books		
C. scanning uploaded	manga books		
D . translating uploaded	d manga books		

Question 32. Acco	rding to the passage, in the	past, some manga fans	s who knew Japanese
translated manga b	ecause		
A. it was enjoyal	ole to translate Japanese boo	oks	
B . they wanted to	make a name for themselv	res	
C. it was difficul	t to buy translated manga b	ooks	
D . they wanted to	read manga for free		
Question 33. Acco	rding to paragraph 2, who c	could benefit from scar	nlation?
A. Readers	B . Publishers	C. Writers	D . Artists
Question 34. The	word " piracy " in paragraph	2 probably means the	act of
A. controlling the	e production of a book	B . hurting the sal	e of illegal comic books
C. copying and u	sing a book illegally	D . advertising a b	book without permission

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.

The oceans are so vast and deep that until fairly recently, it was widely assumed that no matter how much trash and chemicals humans dumped into them, the effects would be **negligible**. Proponents of dumping in the oceans even had a catchphrase: "The solution to pollution is dilution."

Today, we need look no further than the New Jersey-size dead zone that forms each summer in the Mississippi River Delta, or the thousand-mile-wide swath of decomposing plastic in the northern Pacific Ocean to see that this "dilution" policy has helped place a once flourishing ocean ecosystem on the brink of collapse.

There is evidence that the oceans have suffered at the hands of mankind for millennia. But recent studies show that degradation, particularly of shoreline areas, has accelerated dramatically in the past three centuries as industrial discharge and run-off from farms and coastal cities have increased.

Pollution is the introduction of harmful contaminants that are outside the norm for a given ecosystem. Common man-made pollutants reaching the oceans include pesticides, herbicides, chemical fertilizers, detergents, oil, sewage, plastics, and other solids. Many of these pollutants collect at the ocean's depths, where **they** are consumed by small marine organisms and introduced into the global food chain.

Many ocean pollutants are released into the environment far upstream from coastlines. Nitrogen-rich fertilizers applied by farmers inland, for example, end up in local streams, rivers, and groundwater and are eventually deposited in estuaries, bays, and deltas. These excess nutrients can **spawn** massive blooms of algae that rob the water of oxygen, leaving areas where little or no marine life can exist.

Solid wastes like bags, foam, and other items dumped into the oceans from land or by ships at sea are frequently consumed, with often fatal effects, by marine mammals, fish, and birds that mistake them for food. Discarded fishing nets drift for many years, ensnaring fish and mammals. In certain regions, ocean currents corral trillions of decomposing plastic items and other trash into gigantic, swirling garbage patches. One in the North Pacific, known as the Pacific Trash Vortex, is estimated to be the size of Texas.

Pollution is not always physical. In large bodies of water, sound waves can carry undiminished for miles. The increased presence of loud or persistent sounds from ships, sonar devices, oil rigs, and even from natural sources like earthquakes can disrupt the migration, communication, and reproduction patterns of many marine animals, particularly aquatic mammals like whales and dolphins.

(Source: http://www.oceannationalgeographic.com)

Question 33. What	does the passage ma	illy discuss.	
A. Marine pollution	on and its many form	18	
B . Noise and its d	isruptive effects on 1	narine life	
C . Various kinds	of harmful pollutants	S	
D . The end of the	"dilution" era		
Question 36. The w	ord " negligible " in p	paragraph 1 is closest in mear	ning to
A. serious	B . insignifica	nt C. unpredictable	D . positive
Question 37. It can	be inferred from par	agraph 2 that the "dilution" p	olicy is related to
A . dealing with th	ne problems of water	pollution	
B . helping the eco	osystem of the oceans	s flourish	
C. neglecting the	effects of dumping to	rash into the oceans	
D . treating harmfu	ul materials in the oc	eans properly	
Question 38. The w	ord " they " in paragr	aph 4 refers to	
A. ocean's depths		B . man-made poll	utants
C. marine organis	sms	D . the oceans	
Question 39. The w	ord " spawn " in para	graph 5 can be best replaced	by
A. appear	B . prevent	C. produce	D . limit
Question 40. Accor	ding to the passage,	nitrogen-rich fertilizers	·
A. are created by	massive blooms of a	lgae	
B . cause a shortag	ge of oxygen in the o	cean water	
C. do not relate to	the disappearance of	of marine life	
D . cannot be foun	d inland		
Question 41. Which	n of the following sta	atements is NOT supported in	the passage?
A. Many pollutan	ts deposited in the or	ceans finally become part of t	he global food chain.
B . It is apparent the	nat the oceans have b	peen polluted for a long time.	
C. Industrial wast	es and agricultural r	un-off are blamed for the degr	radation of the oceans.
D . The oceans in	the past were more c	ontaminated than they are no	W.
Question 42. Whale	es and dolphins are	mentioned in the final paragr	raph as an example of marine
creatures that	•		
A. can communic	ate with each other v	ria sound waves	
B . can survive ear	rthquakes because of	their large bodies	
C. suffer from lou	id or persistent sound	ds at sea	
D . are forced to m	nigrate because of wa	ater pollution	
Mark the letter A,	B, C, or D on your	answer sheet to indicate the	e underlined part that needs
correction in each o	of the following ques	stions.	
Question 43. All th	e judges <u>paid</u> the dar	ncer compliments on their exc	cellent performance in the
\mathbf{A}	В	C	D
competition.			
Question 44. The p	oliceman warned the	tourists <u>not walking</u> alone <u>in</u>	empty streets at night.
	A	<u>B</u> C	
Question 45. My 1	mother always get	up early <u>to prepare</u> breakfas	st for everyone in the family
-	A	B	\overline{C} \overline{D}

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. He last visited London three years ago.

- **A**. He has been in London for three years.
- **B**. He hasn't visited London for three years.
- **C**. He didn't visit London three years ago.
- **D**. He was in London for three years.

Question 47. They were late for the meeting because of the heavy snow.

- **A**. If it snowed heavily, they would be late for the meeting.
- **B**. Had it not snowed heavily, they would have been late for the meeting.
- C. But for the heavy snow, they wouldn't have been late for the meeting.
- **D**. If it didn't snow heavily, they wouldn't be late for the meeting.

Question 48. "We will not leave until we see the manager," said the customers.

- **A**. The customers promised to leave before they saw the manager.
- **B**. The customers refused to leave until they saw the manager.
- **C**. The customers agreed to leave before they saw the manager.
- **D**. The customers decided to leave because they did not see the manager.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49. The government have established some wildlife reserves. They want to protect endangered species.

- **A**. Whether the government have established some wildlife reserves or not, endangered species are still protected.
- **B**. Endangered species can't be protected although the government have established some wildlife reserves.
- C. The government have established some wildlife reserves so that endangered species can be protected.
- **D**. If the government established some wildlife reserves, they would be able to protect endangered species.

Question 50. My sister is good at cooking. My brother is bad at it.

- **A.** My sister is good at cooking, or my brother is bad at it.
- **B**. My sister is good at cooking, for my brother is bad at it.
- C. My sister is good at cooking, but my brother is bad at it.
- **D**. My sister is good at cooking, so my brother is bad at it.

	THE END
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